

**CENTRO DE AUTO ACCESO POZA RICA**  
**UNIT 6 “OK, NO PROBLEM”**  
**INGLÉS III**

**REQUESTS: MODALS** ( Enter the world of Grammar pags 88, 89)

**A. CAN**

I **can** walk → **Can** I walk? → I **can not** walk

We use **can** to express ( Usamos CAN para expresar)

- Ability (Habilidad) Mary **can** fly a alone
- Request (Petición) **Can** you turn on the lights, please?
- Offer (Ofrecimiento) **Can** I pick up the toys for you?
- Possibility (Posibilidad) Wild animals **can** be dangerous
- Permission (Permiso) **Can** I go to the party?

**B. COULD**

**Could** is the Past Tense of **can**. **Could** es el pasado de **Can**.

I **could** walk → **Could** I walk? → I **could not** walk.

We use **could** to express:

- Ability in the past (Habilidad en el pasado) I **could** run fast when I was young.
- Polite request (Petición amable) **Could** you help me with these exercises, please?
- Possibility (Posibilidad) John **could** be in the library.
- Permission (Permiso) **Could** I borrow your books?

**C. WILL**

I **will** drive → **Will** I drive → I **will not** drive

We use **will** to express: Usamos **will** para expresar:

- Request ( Petición) **Will** you give your sweater, please?
- Offer (Ofrecimiento) I'**ll** lend you some money.
- Promise (Promesa) I'**ll** wait for you.
- Threat (Amenaza) Don't kick my dog or I'**ll** kick you!
- Warning (Advertencia) Mum, be careful with the iron! You'**ll** burn yourself.

**D. WOULD**

I **would** drive → **Would** I drive? → I **would not** drive

We use **would** in the interrogative to express: (Usamos **would** en preguntas para expresar:)

- Polite offer Ofrecimiento amable **Would** you like some cake?
- Polite request? Petición amable **Would** you help me with this suitcase, please?

**EXERCISE 1. CROSS OUT THE CORRECT WORD(S)** (Enter the World of Grammar, page 92)

1. Dad: Tom, I'm planting some flowers in the garden and I need your help.  
Tom: I'm sorry Dad. I **can't** / **could'nt** help you now. I'm going to the library.  
I **would** / **will** help ypu tomorrow. I promise.
2. Samantha: Betty, I **can't** / **wouldn't** come to the party tonight.  
Betty: But why?  
Samantha: Because I **couldn't** / **can't** leave my brother alone. I also have a lot of homework to do.  
Betty: Come to the party with your brother and don't worry about your homework.  
I **would** / **will** help you with it.
3. Bill: I **couldn't** / **can't** eat anymore, Dad.  
Dad: Eat all your vegetables or you **won't** / **can't** have any dessert.
4. Karen: Good morning, Mrs. Jenkins. Is Betty there?  
Mrs. Jenkins: Oh, I'm afraid she isn't here.  
Karen: Do you know where she is?  
Mrs. Jenkins: I'm not sure. She **will** / **could** be at the library.  
Karen: Oh, I **can** / **would** go there by bus. I hope that she'll be there. Thank you, Mrs Jenkins.  
Mrs. Jenkins: You're welcome.

**EXERCISE 2. TONY'S BOSS IS GOING ON A TRIP FOR ONE WEEK. WRITE HIS REQUESTS USING WILL or WOULD AND THE WORDS BELOW, AS IN THE EXAMPLE.**



## TWO- PART VERBS (PHRASAL VERBS) (Enterprise Grammar, pag. 106, 107)

### 1. Fill in with a word from the box.

1. If you're not sure how to spell a word, **look** it \_\_\_\_\_ in the dictionary.
2. Who's going to **look** \_\_\_\_\_ he dog while you're on holiday?
3. I can't wait for the camping trip, I'm really **looking** \_\_\_\_\_ it.
4. Tracy has lost her keys. She's been **looking** \_\_\_\_\_ them all morning.
5. When we were young, my grandmother used to **look** \_\_\_\_\_ us at the weekends.
6. Excuse me. I'm **looking** \_\_\_\_\_ Mount Street. Could you tell me where it is?

Look after	To take care of sb/sth
Look for	To try to find, to search for sb/sth
Look forward to	To expect sth with pleasure
Look up	To try to find a Word, name, number, etc. a in reference book.

(sb= somebody    sth= something)

### 2. Fill in with a word from the box.

1. The fire **broke** \_\_\_\_\_ early this morning and destroyed many buildings in the city center.
2. School **breaks** \_\_\_\_\_ for the summer on June 18
3. The truck **broke** \_\_\_\_\_ on the motorway and caused a major traffic jam.
4. The jewellery shop on Lewis has been **broken** \_\_\_\_\_ three times this year.
5. The washing machine is leaking. I hope it doesn't **break** \_\_\_\_\_.
6. A fight **broke** \_\_\_\_\_ after the football match yesterday.

Break down	To stop working (cars, engines, etc.
Break into	To enter a place by force.
Break out	To begin suddenly (wars, fire, fights, etc)
Break up	To stop for holidays (schools, etc.).

### 3. Fill in with a word from the box .

1. I had to turn \_\_\_\_\_ Fred's invitation to his party as I'll be out of the town.
2. In the famous comic strip, Clark Kent turns \_\_\_\_\_ Superman in a phone booth.
3. You'll never guess who turned \_\_\_\_\_ at Chris barbecue yesterday.
4. Could you turn \_\_\_\_\_ the air conditioning, please? It's very hot in here.
5. When the princess kissed the ugly frog, he turned \_\_\_\_\_ a handsome prince.
6. James was offered the job, but he turned it \_\_\_\_\_ because the salary wasn't very high.

Turn into:	To change into, to become sb/sth else
Turn down:	To refuse an offer
Turn on:	To switch on
Turn up:	To arrive

### 4. Fill in with a word from the box.

1. My doctor advised me to take \_\_\_\_\_ a sport to help me lose weight.
2. Michael is very tidy. In that way, he takes \_\_\_\_\_ his father.
3. You should check in two hours before your flight is scheduled.
4. Unfortunately, many small firms are taken \_\_\_\_\_ by larger ones.
5. Little Tammy loves dancing and wants to take \_\_\_\_\_ ballet.
6. While we were sailing my father let me take \_\_\_\_\_ the wheel so he could rest.

Take over	To take control of sth.
Take after	To look like, to behave like
Take up	To begin sth new ( a hobby, sport, etc.)
Take off	Of aeroplanes) to leave the ground, to depart

## ANSWER KEY

### MODALS:

#### Exercise 1

- |    |          |          |         |
|----|----------|----------|---------|
| 1. | a. can't | b. will  |         |
| 2. | a. can't | b. can't | c. will |
| 3. | a. can't | b. won't |         |
| 4. | A. could | b. can   |         |

### WILL or WOULD:

#### Exercise 2

Will / Would you answer the phone while I am away?

Will / Would you write down any messages while I am away?

Will / Would you water the plants while I am away?

Will / Would you type these letters while I am away?

Will / Would you make an appointment with my dentist for next week?

## TWO- PART VERBS (PHRASAL VERBS)

#### EXERCISE 1

- 1.- Look it up   2.- look after   3. Looking forward to   4.- looking for   5.- look after  
6.- looking for

#### EXERCISE 2

- 1.- broke out   2.- breaks up   3.- broke down   4.- broken into   5.- broke down   6.- broke out

#### EXERCISE 3

- 1.- turn down   2.- turns into   3.- turn up   4.- turn on   5.- turn into   6.- turned it down

#### EXERCISE 4

- 1.- take up   2.- take after   3.- take off   4.- taken over   5.- take up   6.- take over