**Adverbs of quantity** with count and uncountable nouns: *too many, too much, fewer, less, more.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>We use <em>much</em> + uncountable noun: much water / much noise etc.:</th>
<th>We use <em>many</em> + plural noun: many friends / many people etc.:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Did you have <em>much</em> money?</td>
<td>• Did you have <em>many</em> books?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• We don’t drink <em>much</em> coke.</td>
<td>• I don’t have <em>many</em> friends.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Do you have any lemonade?</td>
<td>• Did you take any <em>photographs</em>?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I have some but <strong>not much</strong>.</td>
<td>I took some but not <strong>many</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We use **a lot of** + all types of noun:  
• We bought **a lot of cheese**  
• Max doesn’t have **a lot of money**  

Note that we say:  
There **is** a lot of mayonnaise/ bread/tea...  
(singular verb)  

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• We needed <strong>a lot of eggs</strong>.</td>
<td>• Did they buy a <strong>lot of cookies</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• There <strong>are</strong> a lot sandwiches/ apples / houses...</td>
<td>• A lot of <strong>people like</strong> coke. (not ‘likes’)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Complete the spaces with **much or many**.**

0. Did you buy **much** beef?

1. There aren’t ________ tortillas in the refrigerator.

2. We don’t have ________ bread.

3. Were there ________ people on the bus?

4. Did ________ students fail the examination?
2. Complete the sentences. Use *much* or *many* with one of these words.

| money   | crimes | privacy | books | friends | interesting people | time     |

0. I don’t watch TV very much. I don’t have **much time**.

1. We like reading. We have _______________.

2. She enjoyed her visit to Italy. She met _________________.

3. Isabella doesn’t have ____________ for buying a new car.

4. Our house is very spacious, it has _________________.

5. Reynosa is very dangerous. There are___________.

6. Armando is a very good person he has _____________.
### (a) little - (a) few

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>(a) little</strong> + uncountable noun</th>
<th><strong>(a) few</strong> + plural noun:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) little milk</td>
<td>(a) few cars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) little coffee</td>
<td>(a) few pencils</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) little water</td>
<td>(a) few flowers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) little time</td>
<td>(a) few letters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**a little** = some but not much:
- She didn’t eat anything but she drank a **little tea**.
- I speak **a little French**. (= some French but not much).

**a few** = some but not many:
- Last night I read **a few pages**.
- We’re going to travel for **a few hours**.
- I understand **a few words** of Portuguese.

### little and a little

**a little** is a positive idea:
- They have **a little** money, so they’re not poor. (= they have some money)

**a little** is a negative idea:
- They have **little** money. They are very poor. (=nearly no money)

### few and a few:

**a few** is a positive idea:
- I have **a few friends**, so I’m not lonely. (= I have some friends)

**a few** is a negative idea:
- I’m sad and I’m lonely. I have **few friends**. (=nearly no friends)

### 3. Answers the questions with **a little** or **a few**.

0. Do you have any milk in your refrigerator? ‘Yes, **a little** __________________.’
1. Do you have any eggs? ‘Yes,________________________________________________.’
2. Do you want sugar in your tea? ‘Yes,__________________________________________, please.’
3. Did you take any photographs last vacation? ‘Yes,____________________________.’
4. Does your girlfriend speak French? ‘Yes, _______________________________.’
5. Is there any cultural entertainment in Poza Rica? ‘Yes,____________________.’
4. Put in a little or a few + one of these words:

| sugar | air | olive oil | friends | French | photographs |

0. Last vacation I took a few photographs of the places I visited.
1. Can I have _______________________ in my lemonade, please?
2. Do you understand any foreign languages?'I can speak__________'
3. Are you traveling alone? 'No I’m traveling with ____________________'
4. I’m going out for a walk. I need ________________fresh ____________.
5. I almost forgot! We need ____________________

5. Complete the sentences. Use very little or very few + one of these words.

| coke | people | hotels | rain | mistakes |

0. Your English is very good. You make very few mistakes
1. I drink ______________________________. I don’t like it.
2. In Poza Rica, the weather is very dry in spring. There is ________________
3. It’s difficult to find a place to stay in Papantla. There are ________________
4. Tampico and Monterrey are dangerous cities. ________________go out.
Indirect questions from wh-questions

We use indirect questions when we ask for information politely. Indirect questions are introduced with: Do you know…? Can/ Could you tell me…?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wh-questions with be</th>
<th>Indirect questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where is the school?</td>
<td>Could you tell me where the school is?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where are the stairs?</td>
<td>Do you know where the stairs are?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wh-questions with do or did</th>
<th>Indirect questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How often do Carlos and Tony play soccer?</td>
<td>Can you tell me how often Carlos and Tony play soccer?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What time does the mall open?</td>
<td>Do you know what time the mall opens?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When did your sister arrive?</td>
<td>Do you know when your sister arrived?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Write indirect questions using Wh-questions.

0. How much does a magazine cost? Could/can you tell me…or Do you know how much a magazine costs?

1. Where is the “Juarez Park”? ________________________________

2. How early does “Chedrahui” open? __________________________

3. What time does the Poza Rica Language Center start classes? ____________

4. Where is the cheapest restaurant in Poza Rica? ________________
ANSWER KEY

UNIT 2

Exercise 1
1. many
2. much
3. many
4. many

EXERCISE 2
1. many books
2. many interesting people
3. much money
4. much privacy
5. many crimes
6. many friends

EXERCISE 3
1. a few
2. a little
3. a few
4. a little
5. a few

EXERCISE 4
1. a little sugar
2. a little French
3. a few friends
4. a little fresh air
EXERCISE 5
1. very little coke
2. very little rain
3. very few hotels
4. very few people

EXERCISE 6
1. Do you know where the Juarez Park is?
2. Can you tell me how early Chedraui opens?
3. What time does the Poza Rica Language Center start classes?
4. Do you know where the best restaurant in Poza Rica is?

GRAMMAR REFERENCES

A lot  much  many  (a) little  (a) few:

ESSENTIAL GRAMMAR IN USE  Codificación GKB 049-03
(Unidad 82 y 83, págs. 172, 173)

ESSENTIAL GRAMMAR IN USE SUPPLEMENTARY EXERCISES
CODIFICACIÓN GBK 048-02 (Unidad 82 y 83, págs 77, 78)