## Present continuous and present simple 1 (I am doing and I do)

Compare:

Present continuous (I am doing)

We use the continuous for things happening at or around the time of speaking.

The action is not complete.

1	a	m	d	0	i	n	g
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future past now

- The water is boiling. Can you turn it off?
- Listen to those people. What language are they speaking?
- Let's go out. It isn't raining now.
- 'I'm busy.' 'What are you doing?'
- I'm getting hungry. Let's go and eat. Kate wants to work in Italy, so she's
- learning Italian. The population of the world is
- increasing very fast.

We use the continuous for *temporary* situations:

- I'm living with some friends until I find a place of my own.
- A: You're working hard today. в: Yes, I have a lot to do.

See Unit 1 for more information.

Present simple (I do)

We use the simple for things in general or things that happen repeatedly.

4	I do	<b>→</b>	
past	now	future	

- Water **boils** at 100 degrees Celsius.
- Excuse me, do you speak English?
- It **doesn't rain** very much in summer.
- What **do** you usually **do** at weekends?
- I always get hungry in the afternoon. Most people learn to swim when they
- are children.
- Every day the population of the world increases by about 200,000 people.

We use the simple for *permanent* situations:

- My parents live in London. They have lived there all their lives.
- Joe isn't lazy. He works hard most of the time.

See Unit 2 for more information.

I always do and I'm always doing

I always do (something) = I do it every time:

I always go to work by car. (not I'm always going)

'I'm always doing something' has a different meaning. For example:



I'm always losing things = I lose things very often, perhaps too often, or more often than normal.

More examples:

- You're always playing computer games. You should do something more active. (= You play computer games too often)
- Tim is never satisfied. He's always complaining. (= He complains too much)

## **Exercises**

3.1 A	re the <u>underlined</u> verbs right	or wrong? Correct them wl	here necessary.			
1	Water <u>boils</u> at 100 degrees C	elsius.	OK			
	The water <u>boils</u> . Can you turn		is boiling			
3						
	Can you hear those people?	Anne and a sense of the sense o				
5			The state of the s			
6	0	Control and Contro	decate continues and the continues of th			
7						
		-Daringania (Inc.) - Change - consent of consent for the careful of the careful o	Disease the latest extensive the continuous covere			
	'Hurry up! It's time to leave.'					
	I hear you've got a new job.	anatoniae, entre estimate entre est				
	Paul is never late. He's alway					
11	They don't get on well. <u>They</u>	<u>re always arguing</u> .				
3.2 Pt	ut the verb into the correct fo	orm, present continuous or	present simple.			
1	Let's go out. It isn't rain	ing (it / not / rain) now				
	Julia is very good at language		neak) four languages	very well		
3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ody / wait) for you.	very wett.		
	riuriy up:		ie radio?' 'No, you c	an turn it off'		
5	discontinuo del control del co					
	The Diver Nile	(you / listen) to the radio		st occasionally.		
	The River Nile					
	The river	(flow) very fast today –				
8	water and production and the contract of the c	,	v) vegetables in our g	garden, but this year		
0	Havis very English 2	(we / not / grow) a	ny.			
9	A: How's your English?	/: <u>*</u> / :				
10	B: Not bad. I think	(It / In	nprove) slowly.	at the Devil Hatel		
10	Rachel is in New York right no					
		(she / always / stay				
	Can we stop walking soon?		(I / start) to feel t	ired.		
12	A: Can you drive?					
	B:					
13	Normally					
		(I / work) until six to earn	a little more money.			
14	My parents	(live) in Manchester.	They were born the	re and have never		
	lived anywhere else. Where			your parents / live)?		
15	Sonia	(look) for a place to live.	personal control of the second control of th	(she / stay)		
	with her sister until she finds	somewhere.				
16	A: What	(your brot	ther / do)?			
	в: He's an architect, but	V	(he / not / wor	k) at the moment.		
17	(at a party)	(1 / 1151	ually enjoy) parties, h	out		
		•				
		(17110E7 Chijoy) unis one ve	ary mach.			
<b>3.3</b> Fi	nish B's sentences. Use <b>alwa</b> y	ys -ing.				
1	A: I've lost my phone again.					
	B: Not again! You're always losing your phone .					
2	A: The car has broken down again.					
_	B: That car is useless. It	_				
2				MINUTES STREET, CONTRACTOR SOURCE STREET, STRE		
3	A: Look! You've made the sai	_				
	B: Oh no, not again!			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4	A: Oh, I've forgotten my glas.	ses again.				
	8: Typical!	Distribution and the second section of the second section of the second		· Parity - Color - Col		